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Het “onregelmatige” vocalisme bij een aantal sterke werkwoorden in Brabantse dialecten

Abstract

In most Belgian Brabantine dialects the vocalism of the infinitive and the present of strong verbs belonging to classes 3b, 4 and 5 is more closed than the normal representative of "\(\hat{e}\)" in closed (class 3b) or open syllable (classes 4 and 5). Obviously it goes back to an \(i\), which originated from the common Germanic “breaking” in the present singular and was generalized by analogy in these dialects. In class 6 the umlaut vocalism of the 2\(^{nd}\) and 3\(^{rd}\) person singular was generalized in a similar way only in the verb \textit{varen}, but this happened in all Belgian Brabantine dialects. In class 7 we find rests of the analogic extension of umlaut vocalism in two verbs: \textit{blazen} and \textit{braden}. They occur in the southwestern Brabantine periphery.